

INTERNSHIP PROPOSAL

(One page maximum)

Laboratory name: SYstèmes de Référence Temps-Espace (SYRTE)

CNRS identification code: UMR8630

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Internship location: Observatoire de Paris, 61 Avenue de l'Observatoire, 75014 Paris

Thesis possibility after internship: YES

Funding: YES

If YES, which type of funding: Own ressources

ULTRACOLD ATOM GRAVIMETER

Our team develops inertial sensors (accelerometers, gyrometers, ...) based on atom interferometry technics. The development of this technology is linked to the use of cold atoms and laser beamsplitters, namely two photon transitions and more specifically stimulated Raman transitions. These methods allow now for the development of commercial products with applications in geophysics on the field.

We have developed a state-of-the-art cold atom gravimeter (CAG), based on these techniques. It uses free-falling ^{87}Rb atoms, which experience a sequence of Raman pulses driven by counter-propagating vertical lasers. The atom interferometer phase shift is proportional to g , the Earth gravity acceleration that we measure with a sensitivity better than conventional state of the art absolute gravimeters.

Limits have been identified and several improvements will be made to reach the 10^{-10} range both in term of accuracy and stability.

The vacuum chamber will be modified to allow to use a new crossed dipole trap with a 50W laser at $1.1\mu\text{m}$. We will take advantage of the reopening of the vacuum chamber to install a rotatable retro-reflexion mirror for the Raman lasers. This will improve our control of the laser alignment and allow to compensate Coriolis acceleration. In order to improve our control on the initial position of the atoms, new MOT collimators will be installed, as well as an innovative fiber splitter system for the control of the powers in each MOT beam.

The intern will integrate the team and the project as it progresses. The internship can range from (i) the implementation and optimization of the optical trap to (ii) the characterization and optimization of the reflexion system and/or (iii) the implementation and tests of the locked MOT source.

The ultimate aim is to improve the evaluation of Coriolis acceleration and wavefront distortions effects even further, by performing measurements at very low temperature, and with more atoms. This will require to optimize the evaporation sequence, by increasing the capture volume of the trap using modulation techniques. Yet, a drawback when using dense samples of ultracold atoms, eventually Bose-Einstein condensed, instead of a more dilute laser cooled source, arises from the effect of interatomic interactions, which we will investigate. The obtained uncertainty budget and sensitivity performances will finally be tested during comparisons with absolute and superconducting gravimeters.

Please, indicate which speciality(ies) seem(s) to be more adapted to the subject:

Condensed Matter Physics: YES Soft Matter and Biological Physics: NO

Quantum Physics: YES Theoretical Physics:NO